League Scoring using the World Handicap System (WHS)

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Why Handicap?

- Handicapping allows players of different golfing abilities to compete in a more equitable way.
- The handicap system provides a method to adjust scores based on the players' relative skills and the difficulty of the course being played.

Handicap Index vs. Course Handicap

Handicap Index (H.I.) is the measure of a player's *potential scoring ability* on a course of "standard difficulty", which is a Slope is 113 and a Rating is equal to the Par of the course.

Course Handicap (C.H.) is the number of handicap strokes a player receives on a **particular** golf course from a **specific set of tees**.

The new World Handicap System (WHS) updates handicaps every night. Scores should be posted on the day of play.

The Handicap App you use to post your scores will calculate your C.H. for you.

Calculation of the C.H. (for those who are interested)

- Here is the formula for the Red Tees at Cherry Creek the Woods with a Slope of 118, a Rating of 69.6, and a Par of 71.
- C.H. = H.I. x (118/113) + (69.6-71)
- C.H. = H.I. x (slope correction) + (rating par)
- This is then rounded to a whole number
- If your H.I. = 24.7 then:
- C.H. = 24.7x (118/113) + (69.6-71) = 24

A player's Course Handicap will usually be somewhat higher or lower than her Index depending on the difficulty of the course being played, as indicated below.

Course	rk X
Course	rk X
Easier Course Pine Hills Country Club X Bethpage State Pa Blue Blue	
Number of Holes Number of Holes	
18 Holes 9 Holes 18 Holes	9 Holes
Handicap Allowance 🛈 100% 🗸 Handicap Allowand	ce 🛈 🛛 100% 🗸
Course Handicap is Maureen P Mahoney Red V Maureen P Mahoney	-
djusted to be lower 9.9 7 7 0 9.9 13	
an the Handicap Index Deborah Lloyd-Priest Red \checkmark Deborah Lloyd-Priest	est Forward 🗸
n an easier course. H.I. C.H. P.H. S.O. H.I. C.H 19.9 17 17 10 19.9 24	
Joyce Murray Red \checkmark Joyce Murray	Forward 🗡
H.I. C.H. P.H. S.O. 36.4 35 35 28 H.I. C.H 36.4 43	
REMOVE ALL ADD GOLFERS REMOVE ALL	ADD GOLFERS
Home Post Score Golfer Lookup Stats More Home Post Score G	olfer Lookup Stats More

Harder Course

A Course Handicap is adjusted to be higher than the Handicap Index on a harder course.

Using your Course Handicap during a round

- If your C.H. is 18, you get one (1) stroke per hole, so your net score on a hole is the total strokes you scored minus 1.
- If your C.H. is 36, you get two (2) strokes per hole.
- If your C.H. is not a multiple of 18, you will employ the Stroke Index information to apply strokes appropriately. For a C.H. of 24, you get one (1) stroke per hole and an additional stroke on the six (6) most difficult holes, for a total of 24 strokes.

Stroke Index

- Stroke Index is a ranking of the relative difficulty of each hole on a course, with the front 9 ranked with odd numbers and the back 9 with even numbers. This information appears on the scorecard in the row usually titled Handicap or Hcp.
- The most difficult hole on the front will be assigned a stroke index of 1. The easiest hole on the back 9 will have a stroke index of 18.
- Our player with a C.H. of 24 will have get one stroke on each of the 18 holes and then a second stroke on the holes with a stroke index from 1 to 6. Three of these holes will be in the front, and three will be on the back.
- The Cherry Creek Woods scorecard is used for the following example.

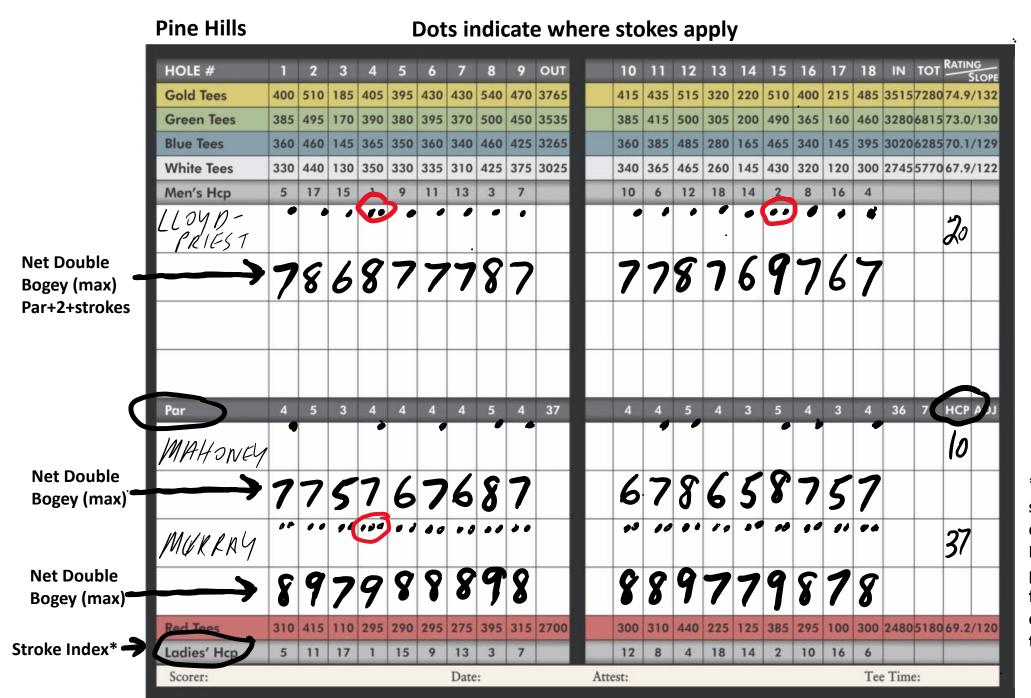
Stroke Index Handicap 1 is the hardest hole, 18 is the easiest.

Our player will get 2 strokes on holes 3, 7, 9, 12, 13, 18. One stroke on all other holes for a total of 24.

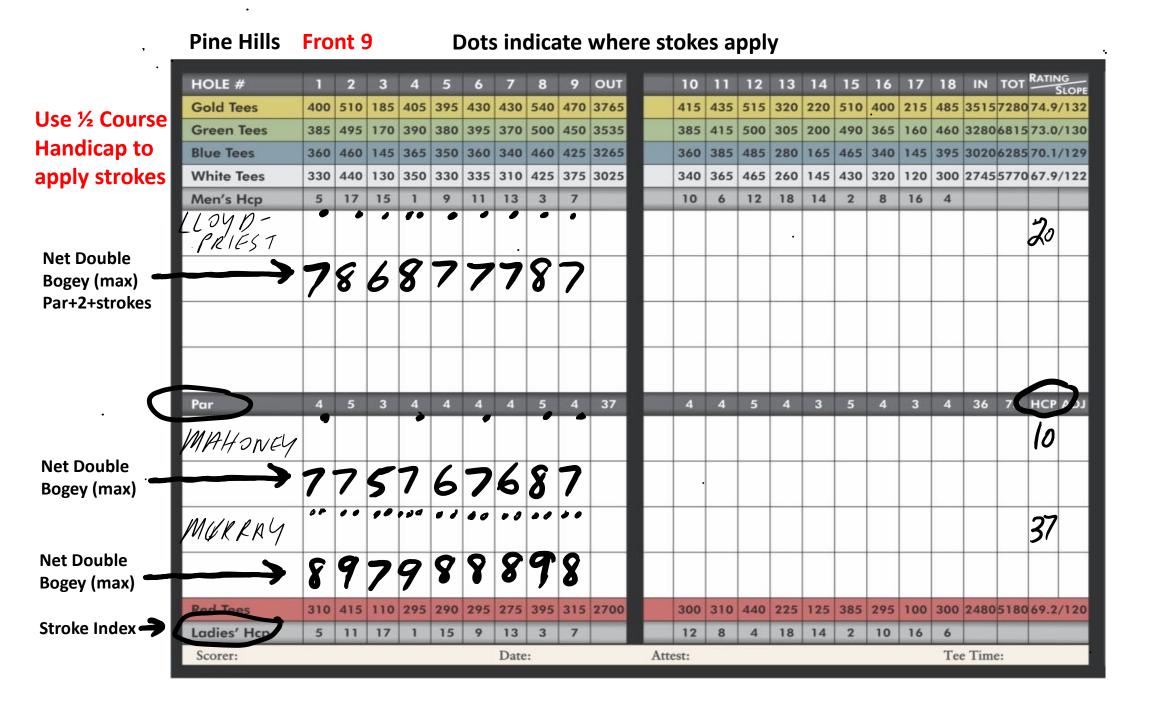


Net Double Bogey

- Net Double Bogey is a player's maximum hole score for handicap purposes. This value replaces Equitable Stroke Control in the previous handicap system.
- Net Double Bogey is a score equal to the par of a hole plus two strokes (double bogey) plus any adjustment for handicap strokes applied on that hole.
- Net Double Bogey = Par + 2 + any strokes applied on the hole.
- If you record your scores using the Hole-By-Hole option in your handicap app, the net double bogey correction is automatically applied.



*Note: This scorecards lists a different Stroke Index for ladies playing from the forward tees. Many cards will not include this detail.



Maximum Score of Par + 5

- All of our leagues are following the **Maximum Score** format (USGA rule 21.2.), that is you **must** pick up after your score equals **par plus 5 strokes** on the relevant game holes, rather than the old Double Par rule.
- That means pick up after 8 strokes on a par 3, 9 on a par 4, 10 on a par 5.
- Record your actual score or the par + 5 on the score card submitted to the league. Your score will count for the game even if you picked up the ball.
- If the score for a hole is above **Net Double Bogey**, you must adjust the score when posting it for your handicap. Using the hole-by-hole option in your app, automatically applies the net double bogey correction.
- When the format of play allows, or when playing a recreational round, you can pick up once you've reached your Net Double Bogey score.

Most Likely Score – Holes Not Completed

If you start playing a hole and do not complete it, you can still post your score for handicap purposes, using your most likely score for the hole. This situation often occurs in match play or team play.

Your most likely score for the hole is equal to:

- The number of strokes already taken on the hole, plus
- Any penalty strokes incurred during the hole, plus
- The number of strokes you would most likely require to complete the hole.

Most Likely Score

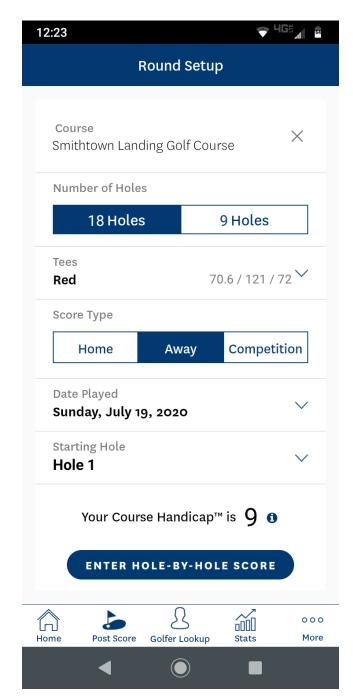
The most likely score is your reasonable assessment based what you would likely score **more than half the time** from the spot you stopped playing the ball.

The following guidelines should be used to make the assessment:

- If the ball lies on the putting green no more than 5 feet from the hole, add one stroke.
- If the ball lies between 5 feet and 20 yards from the hole, add 2 or 3 additional strokes depending on the position of the ball, difficulty of the green and your ability.
- If the ball lies more than 20 yards from the hole, add 3 or 4 additional strokes depending on the position of the ball, difficulty of the green and your ability.

Special Competitions

- In some competitions, the player may be required to play the ball into the hole and record that score for the competition.
- As usual, the player should adjust her score back to the Net Double Bogey maximum when posting for handicap purposes.
- Posting Hole-by-Hole in the handicap application will ensure that no score above Net Double Bogey is included.
- Players should be sure to select 9 or 18 holes and the correct tee box when posting.



Fail to finish a round? (USGA Handicap Rule 3.2) You must still post a score for your handicap.

- Where the minimum number of holes has been completed and the reason for not finishing is valid.
- The player must use the following table to produce either a 9-hole or an 18-hole score:

Number of holes played	Scaling up	What score(s) to record for holes not played
At least 7 holes	Scale up to a 9-hole score	Add net par (par plus your course handicap strokes for the hole)
At least 14 holes	Scale up to a 18-hole score	Add net par (par plus your course handicap strokes for the hole)